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(Job Special Provisions shall prevail over General Provisions whenever in conflict therewith.)

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| --- | --- |
|  | **MISSOURI HIGHWAYS AND**  **TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**  105 W. CAPITOL AVE.  JEFFERSON CITY, MO 65102  Phone 1-888-275-6636 |
| If a seal is present on this sheet, JSP’s have been electronically sealed and dated. |
| JOB NUMBER: JXPXXXX  XXXXX COUNTY, MO  DATE PREPARED: XX/XX/20XX |
| ADDENDUM DATE: |
| Only the following items of the Job Special Provisions (Roadway) are authenticated by this seal: ALL | |

JOB

SPECIAL PROVISION

# General - Federal JSP-09-02J

**1.0 Description.** The Federal Government is participating in the cost of construction of this project. All applicable Federal laws, and the regulations made pursuant to such laws, shall be observed by the contractor, and the work will be subject to the inspection of the appropriate Federal Agency in the same manner as provided in Sec 105.10 of the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction with all revisions applicable to this bid and contract.

**1.1**  This contract requires payment of the prevailing hourly rate of wages for each craft or type of work required to execute the contract as determined by the Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial Relations and requires adherence to a schedule of minimum wages as determined by the United States Department of Labor. For work performed anywhere on this project, the contractor and the contractor’s subcontractors shall pay the higher of these two applicable wage rates. State Wage Rates, Information on the Required Federal Aid Provisions, and the current Federal Wage Rates are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at [www.modot.org](https://www.modot.org/) under "Doing Business with MoDOT”, “Contractor Resources". Effective Wage Rates will be posted 10 days prior to the applicable bid opening. These supplemental bidding documents have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

**1.2** The following documents are available on the Missouri Department of Transportation web page at [www.modot.org](https://www.modot.org/) under "Doing Business with MoDOT"; “Standards and Specifications”. The effective version shall be determined by the letting date of the project.

General Provisions & Supplemental Specifications

Supplemental Plans to July 2023 Missouri Standard Plans

For Highway Construction

These supplemental bidding documents contain all current revisions to the published versions and have important legal consequences. It shall be conclusively presumed that they are in the bidder's possession, and they have been reviewed and used by the bidder in the preparation of any bid submitted on this project.

# Contract Liquidated Damages JSP-13-01C

**1.0**  **Description.** Liquidated Damages for failure or delay in completing the work on time for this contract shall be in accordance with Sec 108.8. The liquidated damages include separate amounts for road user costs and contract administrative costs incurred by the Commission.

**2.0 Period of Performance.** Prosecution of work is expected to begin on the date specified below in accordance with Sec 108.2. Regardless of when the work is begun on this contract, all work on all projects (job numbers) shall be completed on or before the Contract Completion date specified below. Completion by this date shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sec 108.7.1.

Notice to Proceed Date: Month XX, 20XX

Contract Completion Date: Month XX, 20XX

***Combination projects shall have the same Contract Completion Date. Use the Liquidated Damages Specified JSP9328 when there is a milestone date that must be met.***

**2.1 Calendar Days.**  The count of calendar days will begin on the date the contractor starts any construction operations on the project.

Job Number Calendar Days Daily Road User Cost

JXXXXX XX $XXX

JXXXXX XX $XXX

JXXXXX XX $XXX

JXXXXX XX $XXX

***If Calendar Days do not apply to the Job No., enter N/A for the number of Calendar Days***

**3.0** **Liquidated Damages for Contract Administrative Costs.**  Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged contract administrative liquidated damages in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount of **$XX** per calendar day for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. For projects in combination, these damages will be charged in full for failure to complete one or more projects within the above specified contract completion date or calendar days.

**4.0 Liquidated Damages for Road User Costs.**  Should the contractor fail to complete the work on or before the contract completion date specified in Section 2.0, or within the number of calendar days specified in Section 2.1, whichever occurs first, the contractor will be charged road user costs in accordance with Sec 108.8 in the amount specified in Section 2.1 for each calendar day, or partial day thereof, that the work is not fully completed. These damages are in addition to the contract administrative damages and any other damages as specified elsewhere in this contract.

# Work Zone Traffic Management JSP-02-06N

**DRAFTERS NOTES: THE CORE TEAM SHOULD REFER TO** [WORK ZONE QUESTIONS FOR THE CORE TEAM](http://epg.modot.mo.gov/files/6/63/616.14_WZ_Questions_2015.docx)  **FOUND IN EPG 616.14. PRIOR TO COMPLETING THIS JSP**

**1.0 Description.** Work zone traffic management shall be in accordance with applicable portions of Division 100 and Division 600 of the Standard Specifications, and specifically as follows.

**1.1 Maintaining Work Zones and Work Zone Reviews.** The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall maintain work zones in accordance with Sec 616.3.3 and as further stated herein. The WZS shall coordinate and implement any changes approved by the engineer. The WZS shall ensure all traffic control devices are maintained in accordance with Sec 616, the work zone is operated within the hours specified by the engineer, and will not deviate from the specified hours without prior approval of the engineer. The WZS is responsible to manage work zone delay in accordance with these project provisions. When requested by the engineer, the WZS shall submit a weekly report that includes a review of work zone operations for the week. The report shall identify any problems encountered and corrective actions taken. Work zones are subject to unannounced inspections by the engineer and other departmental staff to corroborate the validity of the WZS’s review and may require immediate corrective measures and/or additional work zone monitoring.

**1.2 Work Zone Deficiencies.** Failure to make corrections on time may result in the engineer suspending work. The suspension will be non-excusable and non-compensable regardless if road user costs are being charged for closures.

**2.0 Traffic Management Schedule.**

**2.1** Traffic management schedules shall be submitted to the engineer for review prior to the start of work and prior to any revisions to the traffic management schedule. The traffic management schedule shall include the proposed traffic control measures, the hours traffic control will be in place, and work hours.

**2.2** The traffic management schedule shall conform to the limitations specified in Sec 616 regarding lane closures, traffic shifts, road closures and other width, height and weight restrictions.

**2.3** The engineer shall be notified as soon as practical of any postponement due to weather, material or other circumstances.

**2.4** In order to ensure minimal traffic interference, the contractor shall schedule lane closures for the absolute minimum amount of time required to complete the work. Lanes shall not be closed until material is available for continuous construction and the contractor is prepared to diligently pursue the work until the closed lane is opened to traffic.

**SECTION 2.5 BELOW WILL BE USED FOR INTERSTATES, FREEWAYS AND NON-SIGNALIZED MULTI-LANE ROADWAYS. IT CAN BE INCLUDED ON ANY TYPE OF ROAD. THE DESIGN TEAM WILL USE THE** [WORK ZONE IMPACT ANALYSIS SPREADSHEET](http://epg.modot.mo.gov/files/4/49/616.13_WZ_Impact.xlsx) **WITH ANY ADJUSTMENT WHICH MIGHT BE NEEDED CONSIDERING LOCAL DETOURS TO DETERMINE THE DELAY TIME THRESHOLD AND PUT THE DELAY TIME VALUE IN THIS JSP SHOWN BELOW AS XX. THE WORK ZONE IMPACT ANALYSIS SPREADSHEET WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE ELECTRONIC DELIVERABLES AND SUBMITTED WITH YOUR PS&E.**

**2.5 Traffic Congestion.** The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of **XX minutes** to prevent congestion from escalating beyond this delay threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues equal to or greater than the delay time threshold listed above, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable. When a Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet is provided, the contractor will find it in the electronic deliverables on MoDOT’s Online Plans Room. The contractor may refer to the Work Zone Analysis Spreadsheet for detailed information on traffic delays.

**SECTION 2.5 BELOW SHOULD BE USED FOR TWO LANE ROADWAYS. DELETE THE VERSION OF SECTION 2.5 THAT IS NOT USED.**

**2.5 Traffic Congestion.** The contractor shall, upon approval of the engineer, take proactive measures to reduce traffic congestion in the work zone. The contractor shall immediately implement appropriate mitigation strategies whenever traffic congestion reaches an excess of 10 minutes to prevent congestion from escalating to 15 minute or above threshold. If disruption of the traffic flow occurs and traffic is backed up in queues of 15 minute delays or longer, then the contractor shall immediately review the construction operations which contributed directly to disruption of the traffic flow and make adjustments to the operations to prevent the queues from reoccurring. Traffic delays may be monitored by physical presence on site or by utilizing real-time travel data through the work zone that generate text and/or email notifications where available. The engineer monitoring the work zone may also notify the contractor of delays that require prompt mitigation. The contractor may work with the engineer to determine what other alternative solutions or time periods would be acceptable.

**2.5.1 Traffic Safety.**

**2.5.1.1 Recurring Congestion.** Where traffic queues routinely extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway, the contractor shall extend the advance warning area, as approved by the engineer.

**2.5.1.2 Non-Recurring Congestion.** When traffic queues extend to within 1000 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on a divided highway or to within 500 feet of the ROAD WORK AHEAD, or similar, sign on an undivided highway infrequently, the contractor shall deploy a means of providing advance warning of the traffic congestion, as approved by the engineer. The warning location shall be no less than 1000 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on divided highways and no less than 500 feet and no more than 0.5 mile in advance of the end of the traffic queue on undivided highways.

**SECTION 2.6 BELOW WILL BE USED FOR ALL PROJECTS THAT INCLUDE A TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT PLAN (TMP) IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPG 616.14.10. THE TMP WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE ELECTRONIC DELIVERABLES AND SUBMITTED WITH YOUR PS&E.**

**2.6 Transportation Management Plan.** The contractor Work Zone Specialist (WZS) shall review the Transportation Management Plan (TMP), found as an electronic deliverable on MoDOT’s Online Plans Room and discuss the TMP with the engineer during the preconstruction conference. Throughout the construction project, the WZS is responsible for updating any changes or modifications to the TMP and getting those changes approved by the engineer a minimum of two weeks in advance of implementation. The WZS shall participate in the post construction conference and provide recommendations on how future TMPs can be improved.

**SECTION 2.7 BELOW WILL BE USED FOR ALL INTERSTATES AND ANY OTHER ROUTES DEEMED AS CRITICAL WITHIN THE KANSAS CITY AND ST. LOUIS DISTRICTS. EITHER THE KANSAS CITY (KC SCOUT) OR THE ST. LOUIS (GATEWAY GUIDE) TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT CENTER (TMC) COVERS ALL INTERSTATE ROUTES 24 HOURS A DAY, 365 DAYS OF THE YEAR. EACH TMC IS FULLY STAFFED AND HAS CONTROL OF BOTH URBAN AND RURAL DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN BOARDS THAT ARE CRITICAL TO PUBLIC TRAVELER INFORMATION AND PUBLIC SAFETY. OZARKS TRAFFIC TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT CENTER IS AVALABLE AT CERTAIN HOURS IN THE SW DISTRICT AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED WHEN WORKING IN THAT REGION.**

**2.7 Traffic Management Center (TMC) Coordination.** The Work Zone Specialist (WZS) or their designee shall contact by phone the MoDOT Traffic Management Center (KC Scout TMC at #816-347-2250 or Gateway Guide TMC at #314-275-1513) within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure beginning and within five minutes of a lane or ramp closure being removed. The WZS shall make this phone call 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year since the MoDOT Traffic Management Centers are always staffed.

**3.0 Work Hour Restrictions.**

**3.1** Except for emergency work, as determined by the engineer, and long term lane closures required by project phasing, all lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during the five major holiday periods shown below, from 12:00 noon on the last working day preceding the holiday until 6:00 a.m. on the first working day subsequent to the holiday unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

Memorial Day

Labor Day

Thanksgiving

Christmas

New Year’s Day

**3.1.1 Independence Day.** The lane restrictions specified in Section 3.1 shall also apply to Independence Day, except that the restricted periods shall be as follows:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **When Independence Day falls on:** | **The Holiday is Observed on:** | **Halt Lane Closures beginning at:** | **Allow Lane Closures to resume at:** |
| Sunday | Monday | Noon on Friday | 6:00 a.m. on Tuesday |
| Monday | Monday | Noon on Friday | 6:00 a.m. on Tuesday |
| Tuesday | Tuesday | Noon on Monday | 6:00 a.m. on Wednesday |
| Wednesday | Wednesday | Noon on Tuesday | 6:00 a.m. on Thursday |
| Thursday | Thursday | Noon on Wednesday | 6:00 a.m. on Friday |
| Friday | Friday | Noon on Thursday | 6:00 a.m. on Monday |
| Saturday | Friday | Noon on Thursday | 6:00 a.m. on Monday |

**SECTION 3.1.2 BELOW SHOULD BE INCLUDED IF THE WORK HOURS NEED TO BE RESTRICTED FOR SPECIAL EVENTS AND REMOVED IF NOT NEEDED.**

**3.1.2** The contractor’s working hours will be restricted for the Special Events as shown below. All lanes shall be scheduled to be open to traffic during these Special Events.

(**Insert special event and time here**)

**MODIFY THIS PARAGRAPH AS REQUIRED. PLEASE NOTE HOW SPEC 101 DEFINES ROADWAY AND ROADBED.**

**3.2** The contractor shall not perform any construction operation on the roadway, roadbed or active lanes, including the hauling of material within the project limits, during restricted periods, holiday periods or other special events specified in the contract documents.

**ADD THIS PARAGRAPH AND MODIFY AS REQUIRED, IF USING A PILOT CAR OPERATION, EVALUATE THE TRAFFIC DELAY AND MODIFY THE QUEUE TIME ACCORDINLY OR CONSIDER NOT USING THIS JSP.**

**3.3** The contractor shall be aware that traffic volume data indicates construction operations on the roadbed between the following hours will likely result in traffic queues greater than 15 minutes. Based on this, the contractor’s operations will be restricted accordingly unless it can be successfully demonstrated the operations can be performed without a 15 minute queue in traffic. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine if the above work hours may be modified. Working hours for evenings, weekends and holidays will be determined by the engineer. The contractor may not work during the following listed hours:

Route XX Eastbound:

6:00 a.m. - 9:00 a.m. Monday through Friday

9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. Saturday

Route XX Westbound:

3:00 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday

5:00 p.m. - 9:00 p.m. Saturday

**ADD THIS PARAGRAPH IF DETERMINED THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE RESTRICTED TO NIGHTTIME WORK IN SECTION 2.5 OF THIS JSP. NIGHTTIME HOURS CAN BE CHANGED FOR PROJECT NEEDS.**

**3.4** Any work requiring a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic shall be completed during nighttime hours. Nighttime hours shall be considered to be \_\_:00 p.m. to \_\_:00 a.m. for this project.

**SECTION 3.5 AND 3.5.1 BELOW WILL BE USED ON ALL INTERSTATE AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY PROJECTS. THE VALUE FOR LIQUIDATED DAMAGES SHOULD NOT EXCEED $1,000 PER 15 MINUTES.**

**3.5** The contractor shall not alter the start time, ending time, or a reduction in the number of through lanes of traffic or ramp closures without advance notification and approval by the engineer. The only work zone operation approved to begin 30 minutes prior to a reduction in through traffic lanes or ramp closures is the installation of traffic control signs. Should lane closures be placed or remain in place, prior to the approved starting time or after the approved ending time, the Commission, the traveling public, and state and local police and governmental authorities will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, increased construction administration cost, potential liability, traffic and traffic flow regulation cost, traffic congestion and motorist delays, with a resulting cost to the traveling public. These damages are not easily computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of **$XXXX per 15 minute increment** for each 15 minutes that the temporary lane closures are in place and not open to traffic in excess of the limitation as specified elsewhere in this special provision. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer to determine the quantity of unapproved closure time.

**3.5.1** The said liquidated damages specified will be assessed regardless if it would otherwise be charged as liquidated damages under the Missouri Standard Specification for Highway Construction, as amended elsewhere in this contract.

**4.0 Detours and Lane Closures.**

**ADD THIS PARAGRAPH AS REQUIRED WHEN CMS OR OTHER SIGNS ARE REQUIRED. IF CMS IS REQUIRED, SPECIFY IF A COMMUNICATION INTERFACE MODEM IS REQUIRED OR NOT AND INCLUDE THE APPROPRIATE PAY ITEM FOR THE CMS.**

**IF CMS WITH COMMUNICATION INTERFACE IS REQUIRED, PAY ITEM 616-10.99 MUST BE USED. A CMS WITH COMMUNICATION INTERFACE ALLOWS THE CONTRACTOR’S WORK ZONE SPECIALIST (WZS) TO MAKE CHANGES TO THE CMS REMOTELY EITHER FOR THEIR OWN TRAFFIC CONTROL WORK OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.**

**IF A CMS BOARD IS NEEDED ON THE PROJECT FOR USE BY A TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT CENTER (TMC), THEN A SPECIAL PROVISION WILL BE REQUIRED.**

**4.1** When a changeable message sign (CMS) is provided, the contractor shall use the CMS to notify motorists of future traffic disruption and possible traffic delays one week before traffic is shifted to a detour or prior to lane closures. The CMS shall be installed at a location as approved or directed by the engineer. If a CMS with Communication Interface is required, then the CMS shall be capable of communication prior to installation on right of way. All messages planned for use in the work zone shall be approved and authorized by the engineer or its designee prior to deployment. When permanent dynamic message signs (DMS) owned and operated by MoDOT are located near the project, they may also be used to provide warning and information for the work zone. Permanent DMS shall be operated by the TMC, and any messages planned for use on DMS shall be approved and authorized by the TMC at least 72 hours in advance of the work.

**ADD THIS PARAGRAPH AS REQUIRED**

**4.2** At least one lane of traffic in each direction shall be maintained at all times except for brief intervals of time required when the movement of the contractor’s equipment will seriously hinder the safe movement of traffic. Periods during which the contractor will be allowed to interrupt traffic will be designated by the engineer.

**5.0 Basis of Payment.** No direct payment will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of equipment, labor, materials, or time required to fulfill the above provisions, unless specified elsewhere in the contract document. All authorized changes in the traffic control plan shall be provided for as specified in Sec 616.

# Emergency Provisions and Incident Management JSP-90-11A

**1.0** The contractor shall have communication equipment on the construction site or immediate access to other communication systems to request assistance from law enforcement or other emergency agencies for incident management. In case of traffic accidents or the need for law enforcement to direct or restore traffic flow through the job site, the contractor shall notify law enforcement or other emergency agencies immediately as needed. The area engineer's office shall also be notified when the contractor requests emergency assistance.

**2.0** In addition to the 911 emergency telephone number for ambulance, fire or law enforcement services, the following agencies may also be notified for accident or emergency situation within the project limits.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Missouri Highway Patrol XXX-XXX-XXXX | | |
| City of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | City of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | City of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| Fire: XXX-XXX-XXXX | Fire: XXX-XXX-XXXX | Fire: XXX-XXX-XXXX |
| Police: XXX-XXX-XXXX | Police: XXX-XXX-XXXX | Police: XXX-XXX-XXXX |
| *<Add or delete Cities and/or other municipalities as needed>* | | |

**2.1** This list is not all inclusive. Notification of the need for wrecker or tow truck services will remain the responsibility of the appropriate law enforcement agency.

**2.2** The contractor shall notify law enforcement and emergency agencies before the start of construction to request their cooperation and to provide coordination of services when emergencies arise during the construction at the project site. When the contractor completes this notification with law enforcement and emergency agencies, a report shall be furnished to the engineer on the status of incident management.

**3.0** No direct pay will be made to the contractor to recover the cost of the communication equipment, labor, materials or time required to fulfill the above provisions.

# Project Contact for Contractor/Bidder Questions JSP-96-05

All questions concerning this project during the bidding process shall be forwarded to the project contact listed below.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Project Contact

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_District

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, MO XXXXX

Telephone Number: \_\_-\_\_-\_\_

Email: [xxxxx@modot.mo.gov](mailto:xxxxx@modot.mo.gov)

All questions concerning the bid document preparation can be directed to the Central Office – Design at (573) 751-2876.

# Supplemental Revisions JSP-18-01AB

Compliance with [2 CFR 200.216 – Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment](https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=184e56a2d363d6eae0d991766144999b&mc=true&node=se2.1.200_1216&rgn=div8).

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission shall not enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) using federal funds to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as substantial or as critical technology as part of any system where the video surveillance and telecommunications equipment was produced by Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

Stormwater Compliance Requirements

**1.0 Description.** This provision requires the contractor to provide a Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for any project that includes land disturbance on the project site and the total area of land disturbance, both on the project site, and all Off-site support areas, is one (1) acre or more. Regardless of the area of Off-site disturbance, if no land disturbance occurs on the project site, these provisions do not apply. When a WPCM is required, all sections within this provision shall be applicable, including assessment of specified Liquidated Damages for failure to correct Stormwater Deficiencies, as specified herein. This provision is in addition to any other stormwater, environmental, and land disturbance requirements specified elsewhere in the contract.

**1.1 Definitions.** The project site is defined as all areas designated on the plans, including temporary and permanent easements. The project site is equivalent to the “permitted site”, as defined in MoDOT’s State Operating Permit. An Off-site area is defined as any location off the project site the contractor utilizes for a dedicated project support function, such as, but not limited to, staging area, plant site, borrow area, or waste area.

**1.2 Reporting of Off-Site Land Disturbance.** If the project includes any planned land disturbance on the project site, prior to the start of work, the contractor shall submit a written report to the engineer that discloses all Off-site support areas where land disturbance is planned, the total acreage of anticipated land disturbance on those sites, and the land disturbance permit number(s). Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a copy of its land disturbance permit(s) for Off-site locations. Based on the total acreage of land disturbance, both on and Off-site, the engineer shall determine if these Stormwater Compliance Requirements shall apply. The Contractor shall immediately report any changes to the planned area of Off-site land disturbance. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining its own separate land disturbance permit for Off-site areas.

**2.0 Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM).** The Contractor shall designate a competent person to serve as the Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) for projects meeting the description in Section 1.0. The Contractor shall ensure the WPCM completes all duties listed in Section 2.1.

**2.1 Duties of the WPCM**:

1. Be familiar with the stormwater requirements including the current MoDOT State Operating Permit for construction stormwater discharges/land disturbance activities; MoDOT’s statewide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); the Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, when applicable; the project specific SWPPP, the Project’s Erosion & Sediment Control Plan; all applicable special provisions, specifications, and standard drawings; and this provision;
2. Successfully complete the MoDOT Stormwater Training Course within the last 4 years. The MoDOT Stormwater Training is a free online course available at MoDOT.org;
3. Attend the Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading and Land Disturbance and all subsequent Weekly Meetings in which grading activities are discussed;
4. Oversee and ensure all work is performed in accordance with the Project-specific SWPPP and all updates thereto, or as designated by the engineer;
5. Review the project site for compliance with the Project SWPPP, as needed, from the start of any grading operations until final stabilization is achieved, and take necessary actions to correct any known deficiencies to prevent pollution of the waters of the state or adjacent property owners prior to the engineer’s weekly inspections;
6. Review and acknowledge receipt of each MoDOT Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) for the Project within forty eight (48) hours of receiving the report and ensure that all Stormwater Deficiencies noted on the report are corrected as soon as possible, but no later than stated in Section 5.0.

**3.0 Pre-Activity Meeting for Grading/Land Disturbance and Required Hold Point.** A Pre-Activity meeting for grading/land disturbance shall be held prior to the start of any land disturbance operations. No land disturbance operations shall commence prior to the Pre-Activity meeting except work necessary to install perimeter controls and entrances. Discussion items at the pre-activity meeting shall include a review of the Project SWPPP, the planned order of grading operations, proposed areas of initial disturbance, identification of all necessary BMPs that shall be installed prior to commencement of grading operations, and any issues relating to compliance with the Stormwater requirements that could arise in the course of construction activity at the project.

**3.1** **Hold Point.** Following the pre-activity meeting for grading/land disturbance and subsequent installation of the initial BMPs identified at the pre-activity meeting, a Hold Point shall occur prior to the start of any land disturbance operations to allow the engineer and WPCM the time needed to perform an on-site review of the installation of the BMPs to ensure compliance with the SWPPP is met. Land disturbance operations shall not begin until authorization is given by the engineer.

**4.0 Inspection Reports.** Weekly and post run-off inspections will be performed by the engineer and each Inspection Report (Land Disturbance Inspection Record) will be entered into a web-based Stormwater Compliance database. The WPCM will be granted access to this database and shall promptly review all reports, including any noted deficiencies, and shall acknowledge receipt of the report as required in Section 2.1 (f.).

**5.0 Stormwater Deficiency Corrections.**  All stormwater deficiencies identified in the Inspection Report shall be corrected by the contractor within 7 days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer when weather or field conditions prohibit the corrective work. If the contractor does not initiate corrective measures within 5 calendar days of the inspection date or any extended period granted by the engineer, all work shall cease on the project except for work to correct these deficiencies, unless otherwise allowed by the engineer. All impact costs related to this halting of work, including, but not limited to stand-by time for equipment, shall be borne by the Contractor. Work shall not resume until the engineer approves the corrective work.

**5.1 Liquidated Damages.** If the Contractor fails to complete the correction of all Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the MoDOT Inspection Report within the specified time limit, the Commission will be damaged in various ways, including but not limited to, potential liability, required mitigation, environmental clean-up, fines, and penalties. These damages are not reasonably capable of being computed or quantified. Therefore, the contractor will be charged with liquidated damages specified in the amount of $2,000 per day for failure to correct one or more of the Stormwater Deficiencies listed on the Inspection Report within the specified time limit. In addition to the stipulated damages, the stoppage of work shall remain in effect until all corrections are complete.

**6.0 Basis of Payment.** No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision.

Anti-Discrimination Against Israel Certification

By signing this contract, the Company certifies it is not currently engaged in and shall not, for the duration of the contract, engage in a boycott of goods or services from the State of Israel, companies doing business in or with Israel or authorized by, licensed by, or organized under the laws of the State of Israel, or persons or entities doing business in the State of Israel as defined by Section 34.600 RSMo. This certification shall not apply to contracts with a total potential value of less than One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000) or to contractors with fewer than ten (10) employees.

Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Dry Process Modification of Bituminous Pavement Material

**1.0 Description.** This work shall consist of the dry process of adding ground tire rubber (GTR) to modify bituminous material to be used in highway construction. Existing GTR requirements in Section 1015 pertain to the wet process method of GTR modification that blends GTR with the asphalt binder (terminal blending or blending at HMA plant). The following requirements shall govern for dry process GTR modification. The dry process method adds GTR as a fine aggregate or mineral filler during mix production. All GTR modified asphalt mixtures shall be in accordance with Secs 401, 402, or 403 as specified in the contract; except as revised by this specification.

**2.0 Materials**. The contractor shall furnish a manufacturer’s certification to the engineer for each shipment of GTR furnished stating the name of the manufacturer, the chemical composition, workability additives, and certifying that the GTR supplied is in accordance with this specification.

**2.1 Product Approval.** The GTR product shall contain a Trans-Polyoctenamer (TOR) added at 4.5 % of the weight of the crumb rubber or an engineered crumb rubber (ECR) workability additive that has proven performance in Missouri. Other GTR additives shall be demonstrated and proven prior to use such as a five-year field performance history in other states or performance on a federal or state-sanctioned accelerated loading facility.

**2.2 General.** GTR shall be produced from processing automobile or truck tires by ambient or cryogenic grinding methods. Heavy equipment tires, uncured or de-vulcanized rubber will not be permitted. GTR shall also meet the following material requirements:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Table 1 – GTR Material Properties** | | |
| **Property** | **Test Method** | **Criteria** |
| Specific Gravity | ASTM D1817 | 1.02 to 1.20 |
| Metal Contaminates | ASTM D5603 | < 0.01% |
| Fiber Content | ASTM D5603 | < 0.5% |
| Moisture Content | ASTM D1509 | < 1.0%\* |
| Mineral Filler | AASHTO M17 | < 4.0% |

\*Moisture content of the GTR shall not cause foaming when combined with asphalt binder and aggregate during mix production

**2.3 Gradation**. The GTR material prior to TOR or ECR workability additives shall meet the following gradation and shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D5603 and ASTM D5644.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Table 2 – GTR Gradation** | |
| **Sieve** | **Percent Passing by Weight** |
| No. 20 | 100 |
| No. 30 | 98-100 |
| No. 40 | 50-70 |
| No. 100 | 5-15 |

**3.0 Delivery, Storage, and Handling.** The GTR shall be supplied in moisture-proof packaging or other appropriate bulk containers. GTR shall be stored in a dry location protected from rain before use. Each bag or container shall be properly labeled with the manufacturer’s designation for the GTR and specific type, mesh size, weight and manufacturer’s batch or Lot designation.

**4.0 Feeder System.** Dry Process GTR shall be controlled with a feeder system using a proportioning device that is accurate to within ± 3 percent of the amount required. The system shall automatically adjust the feed rate to always maintain the material within this tolerance and shall have a convenient and accurate means of calibration. The system shall provide in-process monitoring, consisting of either a digital display of output or a printout of feed rate, in pounds per minute, to verify feed rate. The supply system shall report the feed in 1-pound increments using load cells that will enable the user to monitor the depletion of the GTR. Monitoring the system volumetrically will not be allowed. The feeder shall interlock with the aggregate weight system and asphalt binder pump to maintain correct mixture proportions at all production rates.

Flow indicators or sensing devices for the system shall be interlocked with the plant controls to interrupt mixture production if GTR introduction rate is not within ± 3 percent. This interlock will immediately notify the operator if GTR introduction rate exceeds introduction tolerances. All plant production will cease if the introduction rate is not brought back within tolerance after 30 seconds. When the interlock system interrupts production and the plant has to be restarted, upon restarting operations; the modifier system shall run until a uniform feed can be observed on the output display. All mix produced prior to obtaining a uniform feed shall be rejected.

**4.1 Batch Plants.** GTR shall be added to aggregate in the weigh hopper.Mixing times shall be increased per GTR manufacturer recommendations.

**4.2 Drum Plants.** The feeder system shall add GTR to aggregate and liquid binder during mixing and provide sufficient mixing time to produce a uniform mixture. The feeder system shall ensure GTR does not become entrained in the exhaust system of the drier or plant and is not exposed to the drier flame at any point after introduction.

**5.0 Testing During Mixture Production.** Testing of asphalt mixes containing GTR shall not begin until at least 30 minutes after production or per additive supplier’s recommendation.

**6.0 Construction Requirements.** Mixes containing GTR shall have a target mixing temperature of 325 F or as directed by the GTR additive supplier. The additive supplier’s recommendations shall be followed to allow for GTR binder absorption/reaction. This may include holding mix in the silo to allow time for binder to absorb into the GTR. Rolling operations may need to be modified.

**7.0 Mix Design Test Method Modification.** A formal mixing procedure from the additive supplier shall be provided to the contractor and engineer that details the proper sample preparation, including blending GTR with the binder or other additives. Samples shall be prepared and fabricated in accordance with this procedure by the engineer and contractor throughout the duration of the project.

**8.0 Mix design Volumetrics.** Mix design volumetric equations shall be modified as follows:

**8.1** Additional virgin binder added to offset GTR absorption of binder shall be counted as part of the mix virgin binder

**8.2** GTR shall be included as part of the aggregate when calculating VMA of the mix.

**8.2.1** GTR SPG shall be 1.15

**8.3**  Mix Gsb used to determine VMA shall be calculated as follows:

**8.4** Gse shall be calculated as follows:

**8.5**  Pbe shall be calculated as follows:

**9.0 Minimum GTR Amount.** The minimum dosage rate for GTR shall be 5 % by weight of total binder for an acceptable one bump grade or 10 % by weight of total binder for an acceptable two bump grade as detailed in the following table. Varying percentage blends of GTR and approved additives may be used as approved by the engineer with proven performance and meeting the specified requirements of the contract grade.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Contract Binder Grade** | **Percent Effective Virgin Binder Replacement Limits** | **Required Virgin Binder Grade** | **Minimum GTR Dosage Rate** |
| PG 76-22 | 0 - 20 | PG 70-22 | 5 % |
| PG 64-22 | 10 % |
| PG 70-22 | 0 - 30 | PG 64-22 | 5 % |
| PG 58-28 | 10 % |
| PG 64-22 | 0 – 40\* | PG 58-28 | 5 % |
| PG 52-34 | 10 % |
| PG 58-28 | 0 – 40\* | PG 52-34 | 5 % |
| PG 46-34 | 10 % |

\* Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) may be used when the contract grade is PG 64-22 or PG 58-28. RAS replacement shall follow the 2 x RAS criteria when calculating percent effective binder replacement in accordance Sec 401.

***Delete Sec 403.19.2 and substitute the following:***

**403.19.2 Lots.**  The lot size shall be designated in the contractor’s QC Plan. Each lot shall contain no less than four sublots and the maximum sublot size shall be 1,000 tons. The maximum lot size shall be 4,000 tons for determination of pay factors. Sublots from incomplete lots shall be combined with the previous complete lot for determination of pay factors. When no previous lot exists, the mixture shall be treated in accordance with Sec 403.23.7.4.1. A new lot shall begin when the asphalt content of a mixture is adjusted in accordance with Sec 403.11.

***Delete Sec 106.9 in its entirety and substitute the following:***

**106.9 Buy America Requirements.**

Buy America Requirements are waived if the total amount of Federal financial assistance applied to the project, through awards or subawards, is below $500,000.

**106.9.1**  **Buy America Requirements for Iron and Steel.**

On all federal-aid projects, the contractor’s attention is directed to Title 23 CFR 635.410 *Buy America Requirements*. Where steel or iron products are to be permanently incorporated into the contract work, steel and iron material shall be manufactured, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, in the USA except for “minimal use” as described herein. Furthermore, any coating process of the steel or iron shall be performed in the USA. Under a general waiver from FHWA the use of pig iron and processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the USA will be permitted in the domestic manufacturing process for steel or iron material.

**106.9.1.1 Buy America Requirements for Iron and Steel for Manufactured items.**

A manufactured item will be considered iron and steel if it is “predominantly” iron or steel. Predominantly iron or steel means that the cost of iron or steel content of a product is more than 50 percent of the total cost of all its components.

**106.9.2** Any sources other than the USA as defined will be considered foreign. The required domestic manufacturing process shall include formation of ingots and any subsequent process. Coatings shall include any surface finish that protects or adds value to the product.

**106.9.3**  “Minimal use” of foreign steel, iron or coating processes will be permitted, provided the cost of such products does not exceed 1/10 of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or $2,500.00, whichever is greater. If foreign steel, iron, or coating processes are used, invoices to document the cost of the foreign portion, as delivered to the project, shall be provided and the engineer’s written approval obtained prior to placing the material in any work.

**106.9.4** Buy America requirements include a step certification for all fabrication processes of all steel or iron materials that are accepted per Sec 1000. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliance program verifies that all steel and iron products fabrication processes conform to 23 CFR 635.410 Buy America Requirements and is an acceptable standard per 23 CFR 635.410(d). AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant suppliers will not be required to submit step certification documentation with the shipment for some selected steel and iron materials. The AASHTO Product Evaluation and Audit Solutions compliant supplier shall maintain the step certification documentation on file and shall provide this documentation to the engineer upon request.

**106.9.4.1**  Items designated as Category 1 will consist of steel girders, piling, and reinforcing steel installed on site. Category 1 items require supporting documentation prior to incorporation into the project showing all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. This includes the Mill Test Report from the original producing steel mill and certifications documenting the manufacturing process for all subsequent fabrication, including coatings. The certification shall include language that certifies the following. That all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project was procured and processed domestically and all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410.

**106.9.4.2**  Items designated as Category 2 will include all other steel or iron products not in Category 1 and permanently incorporated in the project. Category 2 items shall consist of, but not be limited to items such as fencing, guardrail, signing, lighting and signal supports. The prime contractor is required to submit a material of origin form certification prior to incorporation into the project from the fabricator for each item that the product is domestic. The Certificate of Materials Origin form ([link to certificate form](https://epg.modot.org/forms/CM/CERTIFICATE_OF_MATERIALS_ORIGIN.pdf)) from the fabricator must show all steps of manufacturing, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements and be signed by a fabricator representative. The engineer reserves the right to request additional information and documentation to verify that all Buy America requirements have been satisfied. These documents shall be submitted upon request by the engineer and retained for a period of 3 years after the last reimbursement of the material.

**106.9.4.3**  Any minor miscellaneous steel or iron items that are not included in the materials specifications shall be certified by the prime contractor as being procured domestically. Examples of these items would be bolts for sign posts, anchorage inserts, etc. The certification shall read “I certify that all steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project during all manufacturing processes, including coating, as being completed in the United States and in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements procured and processed domestically in accordance with CFR Title 23 Section 635.410 Buy America Requirements. Any foreign steel used was submitted and accepted under minor usage”. The certification shall be signed by an authorized representative of the prime contractor.

**106.9.5** When permitted in the contract, alternate bids may be submitted for foreign steel and iron products. The award of the contract when alternate bids are permitted will be based on the lowest total bid of the contract based on furnishing domestic steel or iron products or 125 percent of the lowest total bid based on furnishing foreign steel or iron products. If foreign steel or iron products are awarded in the contract, domestic steel or iron products may be used; however, payment will be at the contract unit price for foreign steel or iron products.

**106.9.6**  **Buy America Requirements for Construction Materials other than iron and steel materials.** Construction materials means articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed. Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material. Upon request by the engineer, the contractor shall submit a domestic certification for all construction materials listed that are incorporated into the project.

1. Non-ferrous metals
2. Plastic and Polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables)
3. Glass (including optic glass)
4. Fiber optic cable (including drop cable)
5. Optical fiber
6. Lumber
7. Engineered wood
8. Drywall

**106.9.6.1**  **Minimal Use allowance for Construction Materials other than iron or steel.**

“The total value of the non-compliant products is no more than the lesser of $1,000,000 or 5% of total applicable costs for the project.” The contractor shall submit to the engineer any non-domestic materials and their total material cost to the engineer. The contractor and the engineer will both track these totals to assure that the minimal usage allowance is not exceeded.

**106.9.7 Buy America Requirements for Manufactured Products.**

Manufactured products means:

Articles, materials, or supplies that have been:

Processed into a specific form and shape; or

Combined with other articles, materials, or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials, or supplies.

If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, a construction material, or a section 70917(c) material under § 184.4(e) and the definitions set forth in this section, then it is not a manufactured product. However, an article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product under § 184.4(e) and paragraph (1) of this definition may include components that are construction materials, iron or steel products, or section 70917(c) materials.

**106.9.7.1** Manufactured products are exempt from Buy America requirements. To qualify as a manufactured product, items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process, should be treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.

**106.9.7.2** Manufactured items are covered under a general waiver to exclude them from Buy America Requirements. To qualify for the exemption the components must comprise of 55% of the value of materials in the item. The final assembly must also be performed domestically.

***Delete Sec 109.14.1 thru Sec 109.14.8 and substitute the following:***

**109.14.1 Monthly Fuel Index**. Each month, the Monthly Fuel Index will be established as the average retail price per gallon for Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel for the Midwest (PADD 2) area as posted on the first Monday of the month by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). Should the posted price not be available for any reason, the MoDOT State Construction and Materials Engineer will use reasonable methods, at their sole discretion, to establish the Monthly Fuel Index on an interim basis until the EIA resumes its publication.

**109.14.2 Fuel Adjustment Calculation**.

B = Base Fuel Index = Monthly Fuel Index in the month in which the project was let

C = Current Index = Monthly Fuel Index in the month in which the work was performed

U = Units of work performed within the current pay estimate period (applicable pay units)

F = Total Fuel Usage Factor (gal./applicable pay units)

Fuel Adjustment (Dollars) = (C – B) x U x F

**109.14.3** Each pay estimate period, a fuel adjustment payment or deduction will be applied for the quantity of work performed that period on each qualifying pay item. For calculation of the fuel adjustment, work performed on the first day of a month will generally be included with the second estimate in the previous month to keep fuel adjustments in sync with MoDOT’s normal payment estimate period schedule. The Commission reserves the right to include work performed on the first day of the month with the current month to accommodate financial accounting termini, such as the beginning of the state and federal fiscal years (July 1 and October 1).

**109.14.4** If the bidder wishes to be bound by these specifications, the bidder shall execute the acceptance form in the proposal. Failure by the bidder to execute the acceptance form will be interpreted to mean election to not participate in the price adjustment for fuel.

Disposal of Blast Media and Paint Residue

**1.0 Description.** Whereas Sec 1081.10 requires delivery of Blast Media and Paint Residue (BMPR) produced from bridge coating activities to The Doe Run Company for recycling, and considering the amount of BMPR produced on all active MoDOT projects statewide at any given point in time may exceed the recycling capacity of Doe Run, this provision allows for an alternate method of disposal of BMPR. The contractor, at its discretion, can choose this disposal option or the Doe Run recycle option, when both are available. When Doe Run is not currently capable or agreeable to accept the BMPR, this alternate disposal option shall be considered mandatory, and at no additional cost to the Commission.

**2.0 Disposal in Landfill.** In lieu of delivery to Doe Run for recycling, BMPR material shall be disposed in the appropriate type of approved landfill, as determined by Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) testing. The material must be TCLP tested to determine if it contains a level of hazardous waste such that requires disposal in a hazardous waste landfill. A sampling plan for testing shall be submitted to MoDOT for review and concurrence. Sampling shall be performed by the contractor. MoDOT will witness the sampling to ensure it is conducted per the plan submitted.

**2.1** The contractor shall submit the collected samples to a qualified third-party testing facility to perform TCLP testing. If the sample indicates that the BMPR material qualifies as hazardous waste, then the materials represented by that sample shall be delivered to a licensed hazardous waste landfill for disposal. The contractor shall be responsible for hiring a licensed hazardous waste transporter to transport the hazardous waste to the landfill. The contractor shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations for storage and shipping of the hazardous waste material. If the testing indicates that the BMPR material qualifies as a special waste, it shall be taken to a certified landfill for disposal. The contractor shall be responsible for the transportation of the special waste material to the certified landfill. The requirement to ship the BMPR material by barrels will be waived. Any alternate containers utilized shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations for shipping this type of special waste material. Copies of all shipping manifests, landfill disposal agreements, and any other legally required documentation shall be provided to the engineer.

**3.0 Basis of Payment.** No payment will be made for any costs associated with this landfill disposal option, including, but not limited to, sampling, testing, delivery, temporary storage, or disposal fees.

# Contractor Quality Control for Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling NJSP-15-21A

**1.0 Description.** The contractor shall provide Quality Control (QC) testing and shall perform verification procedures associated with the production and placement of Plant Mix Bituminous Surface Leveling Mixture in accordance with this provision.

**2.0 Asphalt Plant Requirements.** The contractor shall perform quality control testing in the production of the Surface Leveling Mixture and report the results electronically on MoDOT-provided forms. All reports shall include the Contract ID, Project Number, Route, County, and Job Mix number.

**2.1** Calibration of the asphalt plant shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.2.2. Record retention for verification of test reports shall be in accordance with Sec 403.17.3.2.

**2.2** At a minimum, the contractor shall perform one QC sieve analysis test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons to verify the aggregate is within the required gradation range. Results of the QC sieve analysis test shall be reported to the engineer daily. A split of each sample shall be clearly labeled and stored by the contractor in a manner that prevents contamination. The engineer will collect a minimum of one random QC split sample, and one full sample from plant production, for testing per each 10,000 tons of production. Uncollected QC split samples shall be retained by the contractor until the engineer authorizes disposal or until the Final Inspection, whichever occurs earlier.

**2.3** The contractor shall monitor the quantity of asphalt binder used in the production of the mix, including any commercial mix, and report that quantity to the engineer. Original asphalt binder delivery tickets shall accompany the report submitted to the engineer. The engineer will perform a minimum of one asphalt binder content test per each 10,000 tons of production for any project that exceeds a total of 5,000 tons of production.

**2.4** The contractor shall take a daily QC sample of the asphalt binder per instructions in EPG 460.3.13. The engineer will collect the QC samples and ship to the MoDOT Central lab for random testing. In addition, the engineer will take a minimum of one random Quality Assurance sample per project from the binder line. The engineer sample will be shipped to the Central Lab along with the daily samples and will be designated for testing.

**2.5** The contractor shall perform one moisture content test for each day of production of Surface Level mixture in excess of 100 tons. The frequency of the moisture test may be reduced if approved by the engineer.

**3.0 Roadway Requirements.** The contractor shall perform quality control verification of the Surface Leveling Mixture on the roadway and shall monitor the asphalt tonnage placed in relation to plan quantity.

**3.1 Irregularities.** Additional tons of Surface Leveling mix will be provided for irregularities in the existing roadway surface. The tonnage specified for irregularities is an estimated quantity and shall only be placed at locations where it is necessary to fill ruts and other low points. Prior to placing the mix, the contractor and engineer shall evaluate the entire route and develop a plan that best utilizes the tonnage needed for irregularities. Any excess quantity of irregularities shall not be placed.

**3.2 Tack.** On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate proper application of tack coat in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, when the engineer is not present to witness the application of the tack coat, the contractor shall document the tack application by taking a minimum of two high-resolution date/time stamped photographs of the tacked surface per one-mile segment. Pictures should be taken just in front of the paver in order to account for loss of tack from truck tires. The contractor shall also monitor and document the application rate. The contractor shall take distributor readings at the beginning and ending of each shift and document the quantity used.

**3.3 Spreading and Rolling.** On the first day of production, the contractor shall demonstrate successful spreading and compaction of the mixture, including proper rolling patterns, in the presence of the engineer. Thereafter, the contractor shall monitor all roadway production procedures and document daily. Use of approved Intelligent Compaction technology is an allowable substitute for daily documentation.

**3.4 Monitoring of Quantity.** The contractor shall monitor the quantity of Surface Level mix placed and report that information to the engineer and production staff as specified herein.

**3.4.1** The contractor shall verify that the quantity of Surface Leveling mix in the contract for each route is sufficient to cover the roadway as shown on the typical sections, including any surface irregularities. Any discrepancies shall be brought to the engineer's attention in writing prior to the pre-construction conference. Plan quantity shall be defined as the total tons computed to cover the surface area according to the typical section, plus any amount pre-approved by the engineer for pavement irregularities.

**3.4.2** The contractor shall provide temporary log mile reference points at no less than ½ mile intervals along each route to monitor the tons of Surface Leveling mix laid in relation to plan quantity. Entrances, shoulders, or other irregular areas will be monitored as directed by the engineer.

**3.4.3** During production, the contractor shall document the total tons placed in each one-mile segment, along with the plan quantity and the percent over/under for that segment. The cumulative quantity and percent over/under for the route should also be documented. After each one-mile segment, the contractor shall provide a status report to the production manager and the engineer. When the engineer is not present on the project, the contractor shall send an electronic status report to the engineer.

**3.4.4** The goal is to keep the placed quantity within 2% of plan quantity for the project. The engineer will monitor the status reports and will advise the contractor on how to proceed when there is an excessive variance from plan quantity. The engineer may decrease the frequency of the electronic status reports when the variances are consistently low.

**3.4.5** The contractor shall collect asphalt tickets from the delivery trucks and group them per each one-mile segment. The contractor shall submit to the engineer a daily summary report that includes all of the information specified in Section 3.4.3. The contractor shall sign the summary report confirming that the information is accurate and that the attached tickets represent the asphalt material placed.

**3.4.6** The contractor shall be equipped with a contractor-furnished cellular device capable of providing and maintaining a reliable means of immediate communication with the engineer when the engineer is not present on the project.

**4.0 Excessive Quantity.** If the contractor places Surface Level mix on any one-mile segment, or any other isolated areas, in excess of plan quantity by 5% or more, without prior approval from the engineer, further investigation may be required to determine if the excess was warranted. If directed by the engineer, the contractor shall core the pavement at locations established by the engineer to determine the amount that was excessive, if any. No payment will be made for the cost to core the pavement or for the tons of Surface Level mix that the engineer determines to be excessive. If the amount of Surface Level mix is determined to be justified, payment will be made for the mix, and for the cost of coring at the fixed price established in Sec 109. Placement of asphalt in excess of plan quantity for two consecutive segments without prior approval from the engineer may result in issuance of an Order Record to stop work.

**5.0 Basis of Payment.** No direct payment will be made for compliance with this provision. All costs shall be considered completely covered under the pay items provided in the contract.

# Lump Sum Temporary Traffic Control JSP-22-01 ***(if applicable)***

**1.0 Delete Sec 616.11 and insert the following:**

**616.11 Method of Measurement.** Measurement for relocation of post-mounted signs will be made to the nearest square foot of sign area only for the signs designated for payment on the plans. All other sign relocations shall be incidental. Measurement for construction signs will be made to the nearest square foot of sign area. Measurement will be made per each for each of the temporary traffic control items provided in the contract.

**616.11.1 Lump Sum Temporary Traffic Control.** No measurement will be made for temporary traffic control items grouped and designated to be paid per lump sum. The list of lump sum items provided in the plans or contract is considered an approximation and may be subject to change based on field conditions. This is not a complete list and may exclude quantities for duplicate work zone packages used in simultaneous operations. The contractor shall provide all traffic control devices required to execute the provided traffic control plans for each applicable operation, stage, or phase. No measurement will be made for any additional signs or devices needed except for changes in the traffic control plan directed by the engineer.

**2.0 Delete Sec 616.12 and insert the following:**

**616.12 Basis of Payment.** All temporary traffic control devices authorized for installation by the engineer will be paid for at the contract unit price for each of the pay items included in the contract. Whether the devices are paid individually, or per lump sum, no direct payment will be made for the following:

(a) Incidental items necessary to complete the work, unless specifically provided as a pay item in the contract.

(b) Installing, operating, maintaining, cleaning, repairing, removing, or replacing traffic control devices.

(c) Covering and uncovering existing signs and other traffic control devices.

(d) Relocating temporary traffic control devices, including permanent traffic control devices temporarily relocated, unless specifically included as a pay item in the contract.

(e) Worker apparel.

(f) Flaggers, AFADs, PFDs, pilot vehicles, and appurtenances at flagging stations.

(g) Furnishing, installing, operating, maintaining, and removing construction-related vehicle and equipment lighting.

(h) Construction and removal of temporary equipment crossovers, including restoring pre-existing crossovers.

(i) Provide and maintaining work zone lighting and work area lighting.

**616.12.1 Lump Sum Temporary Traffic Control.** Traffic control items grouped together in the contract or plans for lump sum payment shall be paid incrementally per Sec 616.12.1.1. Alternately, upon request from the contractor, the engineer will consider a modified payment schedule that more accurately reflects completion of traffic control work. No payment will be made for any additional signs or devices needed except for changes in the traffic control plan directed by the engineer. Additional items directed by the engineer will be paid for in accordance with Sec 109.4. No adjustment to the price will be made for overruns or underruns of other work or for added work that is completed within existing work zones.

**616.12.1.1 Partial payments**. For purposes of determining partial payments, the original contract amount will be the total dollar value of all original contract line items less the price for Lump Sum Temporary Traffic Control (LSTTC). If the contract includes multiple projects, this determination will be made for each project. Partial payments will be made as follows:

(a) The first payment will be made when five percent of the original contract amount is earned. The payment will be 50 percent of the price for LSTTC, or five percent of the original contract amount, whichever is less.

(b) The second payment will be made when 50 percent of the original contract amount is earned. The payment will be 25 percent of the price for LSTTC, or 2.5 percent of the original contract amount, whichever is less.

(c) The third payment will be made when 75 percent of the original contract amount is earned. The payment will be 20 percent of the price for LSTTC, or two percent of the original contract amount, whichever is less.

(d) Payment for the remaining balance due for LSTTC will be made when the contract has been accepted for maintenance or earlier as approved by the engineer.

**616.12.1.2** Temporary traffic control will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for Item:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Item No.** | **Unit** | **Description** |
| 616-99.01 | Lump Sum | Misc. Lump Sum Temporary Traffic Control |

**DRAFTER’S NOTE: Traffic control items included in the lump sum pay item shall be limited to *only* those items listed below. All other items on the Summary of Quantities Sheet (2BS) that have a quantity shown must be marked with an asterisk and footnote added “NOT INCLUDED IN MISC. LUMP SUM TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL.” An example is shown below.**

**List of items included in lump sum traffic control:**

**616-10.05 – Construction Signs**

**616-10.08 – Advanced Warning Rail System**

**616-10.10 – Relocated Signs**

**616-10.20 – Channelizer (Drum-like)**

**616-10.25 – Channelizer (Trim Line)**

**616-10.26 – Channelizer (Vertical Barrier)**

**616-10.30 – Type III Moveable Barricade**

**616-10.33 – Directional Indicator Barricade**

**616-10.40 – Flashing Arrow Panel**

**616-10.47 – Type III Object Marker**

**616-10.55 – Sequential Flashing Warning Light**

**616-10.70 – Tubular Marker**

**616-11.20 – Installing “Drive Smart” Sign**

**616-11.33 – Installing “Point of Presence” 96” x 48” Sign**

**616-11-34 – Installing “Point of Presence” 36” x 48” Sign**

**616-20.02 – Temporary Long-term Rumble Strips**

# Bridge End Transitions ***(if applicable)***

**1.0** At all bridge exceptions, the engineer will determine in the field the ending point of the transition. This point will not necessarily be at the bridge end, but will be located at a point which provides the smoothest transition and approach to the bridge. Where bridges are to be resurfaced, the surfacing shall be from curb to curb.

# Pavement Marking Log ***(if applicable)***

**1.0** **Description.** The contractor shall log the locations of existing pavement marking prior to any construction operations that may affect the existing pavement marking. The log shall contain all existing pavement marking and shall include center stripes, no passing stripes, lane lines, turn arrows, hash bars, cross walks, and stop bars. The contractor shall provide a copy of the existing pavement marking log to the engineer. The contractor shall place the new pavement marking at the same locations as the existing pavement marking, unless otherwise directed by the engineer or shown on the plans.

**2.0 Basis of Payment.** No direct payment will be made for logging of existing pavement marking.

# Additional Flaggers ***(if applicable)***

**1.0**  Additional flagger(s) and appropriate construction signs shall be provided at each of the specified locations when work zone extends through the following intersections and/or approaches:

1. XXXXX
2. XXXXX
3. XXXXX

**2.0**  **Basis of Payment.**  There will be no direct pay for all labor and equipment necessary to provide additional flaggers. All cost shall be considered completely covered under the pay items provided in the contract.

# Winter Months Requirements JSP-15-07A ***(if applicable)***

1. **Description.** This project contains work which spans the winter months.
2. **Work to be Completed.** When the contractor ceases operations for the winter months, any paving operation performed by the contractor shall not result in a lane height differential between adjacent lanes.
3. **Maintenance of Pavement Marking.** Prior to ceasing operations for winter months, a permanent or temporary stripe shall be provided on any completed length to the point that the original stripe was obliterated or obscured by the contractors operation. Temporary striped areas shall be re-striped with the remaining route upon performance of the final striping.
4. **Winter Related Maintenance Activities.** The contractor shall have the project in a condition as not to interfere with the plowing of snow. The contractor shall also provide a taper at the end of his paving that will not be damaged by the plowing of snow.
5. **Basis of Payment.** There will be no direct pay for compliance with this provision.

# Multi-Year, Multi-Location Project – Special Requirements NJSP-22-02 ***(if applicable)***

***(not to be used with Winter Months Requirements JSP-15-07)***

**1.0**  **Description.** Whereas this project is identified by a single Job Number, and the project requires work be performed at multiple Locations, and the contract allows for work to be performed in multiple calendar years, these special requirements and allowances shall apply. A Location is generally identified in the contract or plans by Route and County but may be otherwise identified.

**2.0 Winter Shut-Down Period.** A Winter Shut-Down Period is required if all work on the project is not completed prior to December 1 of the calendar year in which the Notice to Proceed is made. The date range of the Winter Shut-Down Period shall be determined by the contractor and shall be shown on the contractor’s most current Progress Schedule. The contractor’s designated Winter Shut-Down Period shall begin no later than December 1 of the calendar year in which the Notice to Proceed is made and shall end on or after March 15 of the following year. No work shall be performed during the Winter Shut-Down Period, except for maintenance work that may be required per Sec 104.7 or 105.13 unless approved by the Engineer. Regardless of the length of the Winter Shut-Down Period, all work shall be complete prior to the contract Completion Date. All weather limitations specified elsewhere in the contract shall apply.

**3.0 Completion of Work per Location.** This contract includes work at multiple Locations, with non-contiguous project limits defined at each Location. Once work begins at a Location, the contractor shall diligently pursue completion of the work at that Location until all work is complete. If work at a Location begins prior to the Winter Shut-Down Period, all work at that Location shall be fully completed prior to the Winter Shut-Down Period, including permanent or temporary pavement marking. Work shall not begin at a Location if the long-range forecast is not conducive for completion of all work at that Location prior to the Winter Shut-Down Period.

**3.1 Partial Acceptance per Location.** Upon request by the contractor, a Location of work will be evaluated by the engineer for partial acceptance in accordance with Sec 105.15.1 after completion of all work at that Location.

**4.0 Administration of Calendar Days.** The total number of Calendar Days allowed to complete the work on this project and administration of Calendar Days shall be as specified in the Contract Liquidated Damages job special provision, except as specified herein. The count of Calendar Days will be paused during the Winter Shut-Down Period. The count of Calendar Days will be paused when work is complete at all Locations in which work had begun.

**5.0 Pavement Marking.** Pavement marking shall be as specified elsewhere in the contract, except as specified herein.

**5.1 Temporary Raised Pavement Markers.** All Temporary Raised Pavement Markers shall be removed as part of the Temporary Pavement Marking prior to the Winter Shut-Down Period. If Temporary Pavement Marking is required during the Winter Shut-Down Period, the contractor shall use and maintain Temporary Pavement Marking Paint at the contractor’s expense.

**5.2 Cold Weather Pavement Marking Paint.** If permanent pavement marking paint cannot be completed due to weather limitations specified in Sec 620.20.2.4, the contractor shall apply cold weather paint, as specified in Sec 620.10.6, in lieu of Standard Waterborne Paint, at no additional cost to the Commission. Retroreflectivity acceptance requirements and payment adjustments for Standard Waterborne Paint shall apply when using Cold weather paint. Cold weather paint that meets all contract requirements will be accepted in lieu of Standard Waterborne Paint and paid for as such. If retroreflectivity does not meet the minimum requirements for Standard Waterborne Paint but does meet the minimum requirements for Temporary Pavement Marking Paint, the Cold weather paint shall be considered Temporary Pavement Marking Paint and shall be re-marked with Standard Pavement Marking Paint when temperatures allow. No payment will be made until the Standard Pavement Marking Paint or Cold Weather Paint is accepted.

**6.0 Basis of Payment.** No additional payment will be made for compliance with these Special Requirements and Allowances provisions.